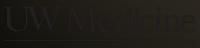
The Hemodynamics and Genetic Contributions to Aneurysm Pathology and Treatment Outcomes

- Nghi Quan, Mohamed Magassa, Merdi Kayembe, Kelly Chu, Sari Barczay, Do Lim, Sam Levy, Fanette Chassagne, Keshav Venkat, Cory Kelly, Michael Levitt, Louis Kim, Alberto Aliseda
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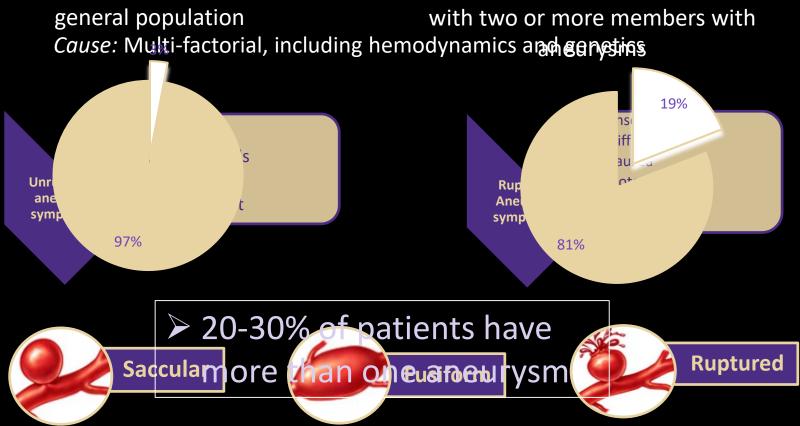


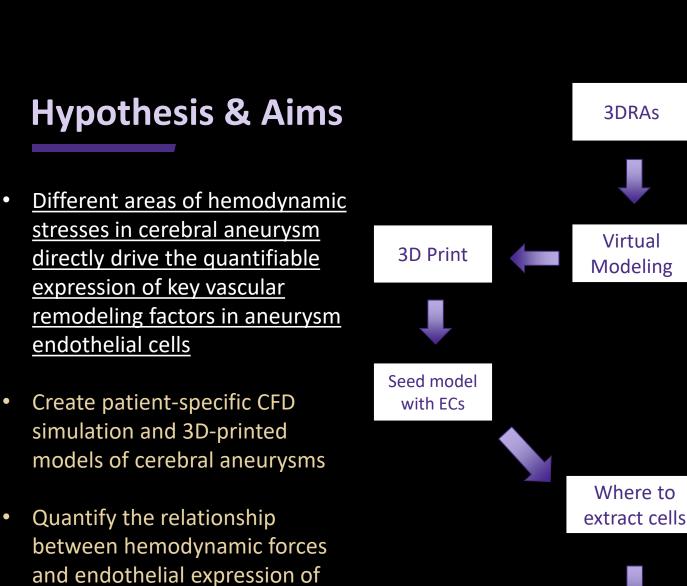


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Background

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CFD

Heat Map

Genetic/Proteomic Analysis

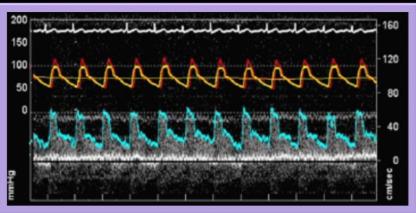
and endothelial expression key factors implicated in aneurysm pathology.

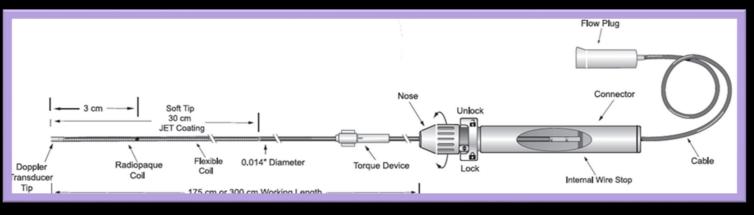


Methods: Volcano/3DRA

Obtain patient-specific hemodynamic anatomy and patient-specific measurements.

- Utilize 3D-rotational angiography to obtain patient-specific pre- and posttreatment imaging.
- Use Volcano-Philips Combowire to obtain patient-specific measurements of blood pressure and velocity in 4 perianeurysmal locations.



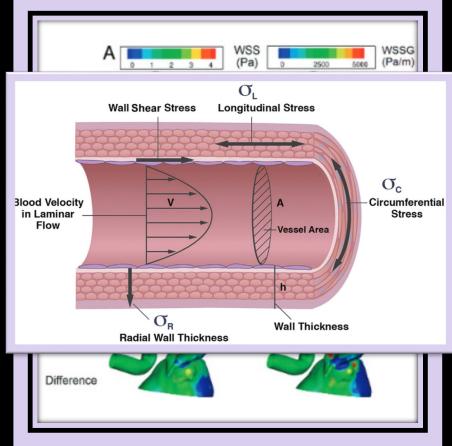


Methods: CFD

Computational Fluid Dynamics

Outcomes

- •• UAAa b Stient-Spreesisti (M/SS) ndary conditions
- toveshold contraction using
- sElper(@) puting to solve the Navier-Stokes equation.
- Generates heatmap of
- Imput o Bytransic webgicitrys
- Ouftimuter Distal pressure





Methods: Virtual Modeling

Programs



Methods: 3D-Printing

> Filaments Vs Resins

- Stereolithography Apparatus (SLA) (~10 hrs)
- Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM)
 - > Polylactic Acid (>12hrs)
- > Intermediate Mold (<24hrs)</p>
- > Soluble Wax (Varies)
- Final Cast in silicone (PDMS) (3 Days)

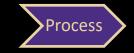




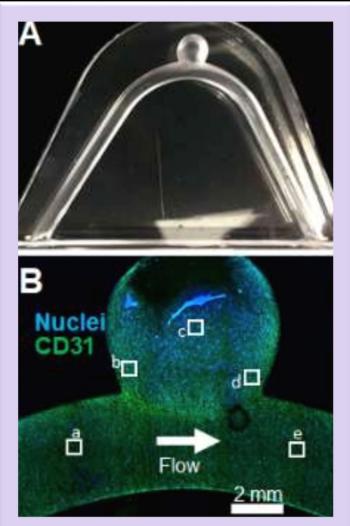




Methods: Model Seeding, Biopsy

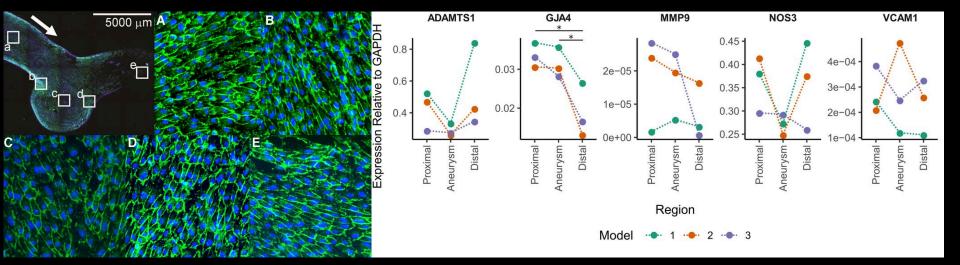


- Seed model with human carotid endothelial cells.
- Place under patient-specific flow profile for 24 hrs.
- Use CFD hemodynamic heatmap to determine location for biopsy.
- Conduct genetic/proteomic analysis



Results

- > The models were successfully populated with endothelial cells, which survived under flow for 24 hours.
- > Endothelial morphology showed alignment with flow in the proximal and distal parent vessel and aneurysm neck, but disorganization in the aneurysm dome. Genetic analysis of endothelial mRNA expression in the aneurysm dome and distal parent vessel was compared with the proximal parent vessels.
- > ADAMTS-1 and NOS3 were downregulated in the aneurysm dome, while GJA4 showed reduced levels of expression in distal parent vessel.
- > Disorganized morphology and decreased ADAMTS-1 and NOS3 expression correlated with areas of substantially lower wall shear stress and wall shear stress gradient in computational fluid dynamics simulations.



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SUB HEADER

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- > Mentors: Alberto Aliseda, Keshav Venkat, Cory Kelly
- Lab Members: Sari Barczay and the members of the Multiphase & Cardiovascular Flow Lab and the Stroke and Applied Neuroscience Center Lab.

References

- Dr. Levitt's Grand Rounds Presentation
- Brain aneurysms foundation:
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- <u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4399795/</u>

